EXISTENCE OF POSITIVE SOLUTIONS FOR A CLASS OF SINGULAR SUBLINEAR BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS¹

Zhongli Wei

Department of Fundamental Courses Shandong Institute of Architectural and Engineering Jinan, Shandong 250014, P. R. China

Abstract. This paper investigates the existence of positive solutions for a class of singular sublinear boundary value problems. A necessary and sufficient condition for the existence of C[0,1] positive solutions as well as $C^1[0,1]$ positive solutions is given by using the method of lower and upper solutions with the fixed point theorems.

AMS(MOS) Subject Classification: 34B15

1 Introduction

Consider the singular boundary value problems of second order ordinary differential equations

$$x'' + f(t, x) = 0, t \in (0, 1), (1)$$

$$ax(0) - bx'(0) = 0,$$
 $cx(1) + dx'(1) = 0,$ (2)

where $a \geq 0, b \geq 0, c \geq 0, d \geq 0, \rho = ac + ad + bc > 0$. By singularity we mean that the function f in (1) is allowed to be unbounded at the end points t=0 and t=1. Recently such problems have been studied by many authors (see [1-9] and their references). In the special case where a=c=1, b=d=0, the positive solutions of SBVP (1) and (2) have been discussed by means of the method of lower and upper solutions in [8]. When $f(t,x)=p(t)x^{\alpha}, \ p(t)\in C(0,1), \ p(t)>0$, the existence and uniqueness of positive solutions for the special cases (i): $b=d=0, \ \alpha<0$ and (ii): $b=d=0, \ 0<\alpha<1$ have been studied completely by Taliaferro in [1] with the shooting method and by Zhang in [7] with the method of lower and upper solutions, respectively. Now, in this paper, we shall give a necessary and sufficient condition for the existence of C[0,1] positive solutions as well as $C^1[0,1]$ positive solutions of the singular problem (1),(2) by using the method of lower and upper solutions with the fixed point theorems.

¹Research supported by NNSF of China 19771053 and Shandong Province, and the Doctor Foundation of Shandong Institute of Architectural and Engineering