Dynamics of Continuous, Discrete and Impulsive Systems Series A: Mathematical Analysis 11 (2004) 431-450 Copyright ©2004 Watam Press

STEADY STATES FOR NONLINEAR FOOD CHAIN MODEL WITH DEGENERATE SELF-POPULATION DIFFUSIONS

Wonlyul Ko and Inkyung Ahn

Department of Mathematics Korea University Jochiwon, Chung-nam 339-700, Korea

Abstract. In this paper, we discuss the existence of positive solutions to a certain nonlinear food chain model with degenerate self-population diffusions under homogeneous Robin-Dirichlet boundary conditions. First we investigate the uniqueness of positive solutions to predator-prey interacting system between two species with degenerate self-diffusion rates under Robin-Dirichlet boundary conditions. Then we give sufficient and necessary conditions for the existence of positive solutions for a food chain model with degenerate self-diffusion rates. The method employed is a fixed point theory in a positive cone.

Keywords. Positive Solutions, Food-chain Model, Nonlinear Elliptic System, Degenerate Self-population Diffusion, Fixed Point Index.

AMS (MOS) subject classification:35J60, 35Q80

1 Introduction

Of concern is the existence of positive solutions of the food-chain model with degenerate self-population diffusions;

$$\begin{cases} u_t = \varphi_1(x, u)\Delta u + u(f(x, u) - a(x)v^2 - b(x)w^2) \\ v_t = \varphi_2(x, v)\Delta v + v(a(x)u^2 + g(x, v) - c(x)w^2) \\ w_t = \varphi_3(x, w)\Delta w + w(b(x)u^2 + c(x)v^2 + h(x, w)) \text{ in } \Omega \times (0, \infty), \\ B_1u = B_2v = B_3w = 0 \text{ on } \partial\Omega \times (0, \infty) \\ u(x, 0) = \tilde{u}_0(x) \ge 0, \quad v(x, 0) = \tilde{v}_0(x) \ge 0, \quad w(x, 0) = \tilde{w}_0(x) \ge 0 \text{ in } \Omega, \end{cases}$$
(1.1)

in a bounded region $\Omega \in \mathbf{R}^n$ with smooth boundary where $B_i u = \kappa_i \partial u / \partial n + \tau_i u$ are Robin-Dirichlet boundary conditions with $\kappa_i \ge 0, \tau_i > 0$ for i = 1, 2, 3. Δ is the Laplacian operator in \mathbf{R}^n , u, v and w represent the densities of distinct three species.

 $a(x), b(x), c(x) \in C^1(\Omega)$ are nonnegative functions and some conditions on the birth rates f, g, h will be imposed later. (See H4.1 - H4.4.) The growth rates in the model (1.1) were motivated by the one in [8] and modified so that our system describes food chain interactions among three species. The functions $\varphi_i, i = 1, 2, 3$ play as degenerate self-population diffusions, namely, those could be vanished at some points in the domain Ω and depends on the