Dynamics of Continuous, Discrete and Impulsive Systems Series A: Mathematical Analysis 17 (2010) 573-596 Copyright ©2010 Watam Press

http://www.watam.org

HOPF BIFURCATION FOR A CLASS OF COMPETITION REACTION-DIFFUSION SYSTEM WITH DELAY

Katia A. G. Azevedo¹

Dep. de Física e Matemática- FFCLRP-Universidade de São Paulo Av. Bandeirantes, 3900, Ribeirão Preto, SP 14.040-901-Brazil email: kandreia@ffclrp.usp.br

Abstract. In this work we have studied a class of competition reaction-diffusion system with Dirichlet boundary condition and distributed delay. We have shown that Hopf bifurcation occurs when the delay and the parameter k vary. The main techniques used here are usual, the analysis of the characteristic equation of the linearized problem, the Liapunov-Schmidt method and the Implicit Function Theorem.

Keywords. Periodic solutions, Hopf bifurcation, Competition reaction-diffusion, Distributed delay, Population dynamics.

AMS (MOS) subject classification: 35R10, 35B32, 35K55, 92D25.

1 Introduction

In many mathematical models of biological systems and population dynamic when the information of past states must be considered we include a negative delayed feedback control in the systems. We are concerned in the following reaction-diffusion system with delay which is incorporated to the control and Dirichlet boundary condition with competition between different species:

$$U_{t}(t,x) = U_{xx}(t,x) + kU(t,x) + \frac{k}{\delta} \int_{-\tau}^{-\tau+\delta} g_{1}(U(t,x), U(t+s,x)) ds + \frac{k}{\delta} \int_{-\tau}^{-\tau+\delta} g_{2}(U(t,x), V(t+s,x)) ds, \qquad (1.1)$$

$$V_{t}(t,x) = V_{xx}(t,x) + kV(t,x) + \frac{k}{\delta} \int_{-\tau}^{-\tau+\delta} h_{1}(V(t,x), V(t+s,x)) ds + \frac{k}{\delta} \int_{-\tau+\delta}^{-\tau+\delta} h_{1}(V(t,x), V(t+s,$$

$$\frac{k}{\delta} \int_{-\tau}^{-\tau+\delta} h_2(V(t,x), U(t+s,x)) \, ds, \ t > 0, \ 0 < x < \pi,$$

 $U(t,0)=U(t,\pi)=V(t,0)=V(t,\pi)=0,\ t\geq 0,$

$$(U(t,x),V(t,x)) = (\psi_1(t,x),\psi_2(t,x)), \ (t,x) \in [-\tau,0] \times [0,\pi],$$

 $(\psi_1,\psi_2)\in C([- au,0],H_0^1 imes H_0^1)$, with k, au e δ positive constants , $0<\delta\leq au$.

¹supported by FAPESP, proc. no 04/13739-5